TABLE 5

Typical Documents Used by Categories of "Qualified" Immigrants

Listed below are typical documents most commonly used to show "qualified" immigrant status. Note that the list is not exhaustive; other documents not listed here may also be used for this purpose. Lists of samples of documents displayed in the *Guide* can be found on pages 48–49.

IMMIGRATION CATEGORIES	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
Lawful permanent residents (LPRs)	 "green card" (Form I-551; earlier versions are the I-151, AR-2 and AR-3); reentry permit (I-327); foreign passport stamped to show temporary evidence of LPR or "I-551" status; Memorandum of Creation of Lawful Permanent Residence with approval stamp (I-181); order issued by the INS, an immigration judge, the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA), or a federal court granting registry, suspension of deportation, cancellation of removal, or adjustment of status; or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document.
Refugees	Form I-94 Arrival/Departure Record or passport stamped "refugee" or "§ 207"; Form I-688B or I-766 Employment Authorization Document (EAD) coded 274a.12(a)(3) or A3; refugee travel document (I-571); or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document. NOTE: If adjusted to LPR status, I-551 may be coded R8-6, RE-6, RE-7, RE-8, or RE-9.
Asylees	Form I-94 or passport stamped "asylee" or "§ 208"; order granting asylum issued by the INS, an immigration judge, the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA), or a federal court; Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(5) or A5; refugee travel document (I-571); or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document. NOTE: If adjusted to LPR status, I-551 may be coded AS-6, AS-7, or AS-8.
Persons granted withholding of deportation or removal	Form I-94 or passport stamped "§ 243(h)" or "§ 241(b)(3)"; order granting withholding of deportation or removal issued by the INS, an immigration judge, the BIA, or a federal court; Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(10) or A10; refugee travel document (I-571); or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document.
Amerasian LPRs (NOTE: only certain Vietnamese Amerasians qualify for the "Refugee Exemption" and the codes listed here pertain to these Amerasians)	 Form I-551; temporary I-551 stamp in passport; Form I-94; or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document. NOTE: any of the above documents should have one of the following codes: AM-1, AM-2, AM-3, AM-6, AM-7, AM-8.
Cuban/Haitian entrants	 Form I-94 with a stamp indicating "Cuban/Haitian entrant" (this may be rare, as it has not been used since 1980) or any other notation indicating "parole," any documents indicating pending exclusion or deportation proceedings; any documents indicating pending asylum application, including a receipt from an INS Asylum Office indicating filing of Form I-589 application for asylum; Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(8) or C8; or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document. NOTE: Individuals who have adjusted to LPR status may have I-551 cards coded CH-6, CU-7. In addition, Cubans or Haitians with the codes LB-2, LB-6, or LB-7 may also qualify – these codes were used for individuals granted LPR status under any of the 1986 legalization provisions including Cuban/Haitian entrants.

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TABLE 5 (CONTINUED)

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IMMIGRATION CATEGORIES	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
Parolees (NOTE: to be "qualified," immigrants must have been paroled for at least one year; includes persons paroled "in the public interest," Lautenberg parolees, and others)	 Form I-94 indicating "parole" or "PIP" or "212(d)(5)," or other language indicating parole status; Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(4), 274a.12(c)(11), A4, or C11; or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document. NOTE: If subsequently adjusted to LPR status, may have I-551 cards (for Lautenberg parolees, these may be coded LA).
Conditional entrants (not used since 1980)	 Form I-94 or other document indicating status as "conditional entrant," "Seventh Preference," § 203(a)(7), or P7; or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document.
Abused spouses or children, parents of abused children, or children of abused spouses (must have a pending petition for an immigrant visa, either filed by a spouse or a self-petition under the VAWA, or an application for suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal. The petition or application must either be approved or, if not yet approved, must present a prima facie case)	 receipt or other proof of filing I-130 (visa petition) under immediate relative (IR) or 2nd family preference (P-2) showing status as a spouse; Form I-360 (application to qualify as abused spouse or child under the VAWA); Form I-797 Notice of Action referencing pending I-130 or I-360 or finding establishment of a prima facie case; receipt or other proof of filing I-485 application for adjustment of status on basis of an immediate relative or family 2nd preference petition or VAWA application; any documents indicating a pending suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal case, including a receipt from an immigration court indicating filing of Form EOIR-40 (application for suspension of deportation) or EOIR-42 (application for cancellation of removal); Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(10) or A10 (applicant for suspension of deportation) or 274a.12(c)(14) or C14 (individual granted deferred action status); or any verification from the INS or other authoritative document.